## DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL CONVENTION.

From our Reporter's notes, connected with the concluding proceedings of Friday evening, we learn that, when the State of Missouri was called for the thirty-third vote, one of the Delegates from that State rose and remarked that Missouri had come into the Convention as no man's man, but was represented there for the purpose of nominating a Democratic candidate for the Presidency. Gen. Cass was the first choice of Missouri for that office, and she clung to him so long as there was any chance of his selection. The prospect was now brightening for Gen. Cass, and she again cast her vote for him.

This announcement was received with deafening cheers and applause.

Whilst the thirty-third vote was in progress-several States having retired for consultation

Mr. Nabers, of Mississippi, said that, while waiting for the return of those States, he desired to make a single remark, and asked permission to do so.

on," "no, no," "leave, leave," &c .; and when the confusion had in some degree subsided-

Mr. Namers said that a large majority of the people of Mississippi represented by himself were in favor of Gen. Cass for the Presidency. [Loud applause.] A delegate reminded the gentleman that his remarks

were not in order. Mr. Namers said he would not dispute that, but desired

the Convention to know what he had stated. Mr. Barksbale, of Mississippi, asked the privilege of making a statement.

There were loud calls of "order," "hear him," &c. and the PRESIDENT stated that the gentleman could only proceed by general consent. The calls to order continued.

Mr. BARKSDALE, however, amid the greatest confusion, attempted to be heard in reply to Mr. NABERS. For a few moments, so deafening were the calls to order that it was impossible to hear what were the remarks of the gentleman from Mississippi, whose excited manner and gesticulations only increased the confusion. The President vainly endeavored to enforce order. Members in every part of the hall were standing, and were loudly ordered to resume their seats. For almost five minutes confusion worse confounded reigned supreme; and at last, after numerous at-tempts to make himself heard above the din-Mr. BARKSDALE succeeded in saying that he had a let

ter from the President of the Convention which appointed Mr. Nangas a delegate, in which it was declared that Cass was not the choice of fifty Democrats in Mississippi. and that, if nominated, he would lose the electoral vote of the State.

The State of Louisiana, which had retired for consul tation, then came into the hall, and the chairman of the delegation announced that the vote of the State was six votes for Gen. Cass; which announcement was followed with deafening applause.

The Virginia delegation, which had retired for the purpose of consultation preparatory to the thirty-third vote, then returned. The impression seemed to be general that this delegation would change its vote for Gen. Cass, and no little anxiety was manifested as to the result of the consultation, the masses becoming very quiet to hear the announcement of the vote. Judge BARBOUR, however, the chairman of the delegation, rose and announced that Virginia gave her fifteen votes for Mr. BUCHANAN, (the same as on preceding ballots.)

This announcement elicited loud applause and outbursts of hearty laughter. The results of these votes were published in our paper

of Saturday. SATURDAY, JUNE 5, 1852.

The Convention was called to order at a quarter

past nine o'clock, and prayer offered by the Rev. Mr. White.

The roll was then called for the thirty-fourth vote for a nominee of the Democratic party for President of the United States.

When the State of Maryland was called-Mr. JARVIS SPENCER, of that State, rose and said that before Maryland announced her vote she desired to say a few words. [Cries of "Go on!" "No, no!"]

It was the desire of Maryland, as he was sure it was the feeling of the country and of this Convention, to bring the deliberations of this body to a result to-day. The lic pulse was feverish. They were told yesterday that the Committee on Platforms was ready to present a report, and all certainly desired a leader to stand upon that platform and unfurl their banner to the breeze, inscribed with their principles. Where was the Democratic principle of compromise? If gentlemen tenaciously adhered to their candidates, they would never obtain a result. [Loud cries of "vote, vote!"]

Mr. S. said he would yield with one word. Maryland had stood here to vindicate Gen. Cass, but she had shown a spirit of compromise, and she had afforded every candidate a chance. With the same spirit elsewhere, in twentyfive minutes they could make a nomination which would be honorable to the Convention, and to the Democratic party. [Cries of "down!" "vote!" and "hear him!"] He then announced the vote of Maryland for Lewis Cass, which was followed with cheers and applause. When Virginia was called-

Judge BARBOUR announced that that State cast fifteen

votes for Mr. Dickinson, of New York. Mr. Dickinson rose and asked to be heard; and permis-

sion having been granted-

Mr. D. said: I came not here to speak, Mr. President; but I should be much less than human if I could sit here under these circumstances and be silent, and if I could rise to address this Convention upon this occasion without the very deepest emotion. I came not here for myself, but as the servant of others, clothed with the highest functions; and it shall be my great ambition to discharge my duties faithfully. I came here not with instructions, but with a feeling of expectation stronger and deeper than instructions that I would vote for and use all honorable means to procure the nomination for the Presidency of

Gen. Lewis Cuss, of Michigan. [Deafening cheers and tremendous applause followed this declaration. Numerous bouquets were thrown from the ladies' gallery toward the speaker; and some person, no doubt without a bouquet, and not knowing how else to give evidence of his joy, threw his hat to the speaker.]

Mr. Dickinson resumed: My life has been one of triaj and vicissitude. I have been clothed with the highest honors that the sovereignty of my State could confer upon me. I have also seen the time when I was covered over with scoffs and revilings; but amid all the varying scenes of my life I have never found myself in a position so trying as the one in which I am now placed. But shall I hesitate, shall I doubt, shall I waver in the discharge of my duty? No, Mr. President, I will be sincere, and say that in my opinion never has mortal man had such honors proffered him as I have had proffered me. From the time I took my seat in this Convention, even against my own express request, men who never knew me except by reputation, who never saw me except in this body; men coming from a far-off distant State, have cast in their mite, like the widow of old into the treasury, and given their single vote for me. I feel proud of this. I shall cherish it to my latest breath as a bright rose-bud in the wreath of honors conferred upon me. And now, without my solicitation, aye, even against my earnest request, what do we see? The land of Presidents, the Old Dominion, has come here and laid her highest honors at my feet. [Applause.] Virginia is the land of chivalry, the land of generosity; the land of high and noble impulses; a land that of all others would be willing to rescue me from any steps that would stain my memory and my reputation in the least degree, and I know that Virginia would not ask me to take the nomination under such circumstances. As a compliment of the highest character. I will cherish it while memory performs its functions; as a compliment unsought, unrequested, and against my own wishes, she has brought it to me, and as such it is of the more value. May I not ask that while they see that I cannot consent to receive this nomination without incurring the imputation of unfaithfulness to the wishes and

expectations of my own constituents in the trust they have conferred upon me; without doing violence to my own sense of propriety, [applause;] without turning my back upon my old and honored friend, who expects me to stand forth here for him—while, I say, they cannot expect meto accept the honor they have proffered me; while

Maryland 8; Louisiana 6; Ohio 18; Kentucky 12; Tennessee 8; Indiana 13; Missouri 9; Michigan 6; Iowa 2; Wisconsin 3; California 2. Total 122.

For Mr. Buchanan—Pennsylvania 27; California 1. I tell them, also, that nothing could have been tendered me, ever the highest honors of the Government, if they held the electoral vote for President of the United States, which I should have considered so high a compliment as the vote of their delegation, will Virginia still For Mr. Buchanan—Pennsylvania 27; California 1. Total 28.

For Mr. Buchanan—Pennsylvania 27; California 1. Total 28. refuse to listen to me? I will say to my Southern friends that I vill go home a prouder and I hope a better man.

For Mr. Marcy—Massachusetts 6; Connecticut 3; New York 22; North Carolina 10; Alabama 9; Mississippi 7; Tennessee 1. Total 58. I have net them here, and I have received from them the assurance of an abiding faith that-

"Truth crushed to earth will rise again." May I not then invoke my Southern friends, when they see I cannot accept their nomination, when they surely canno ask me to accept it-to stay my hands while I perform my duty-may I not invoke the Old Dominion, by the history of the past, the fruition of the present, and by the great and abundant promises of the future, to go with me for the nomination of Lewis Cass, of Michigan? [Applause, and cries of "no! no!"] They have said that he is unicceptable to them. Can we find a single individual who would be acceptable to us all? Every one can say something in regard to some of the candidates that will show him to be unacceptable to some of them. To all I would say—

"Go, wiser thou, and in thy scale of sense Weigh thy opinion against Providence; Call imperfection what thou fanciest such; Say here he gives too little, there too much."

Say here he gives too little, there too much."

Total 28.

For Mr. Buchanan—Fennsylvania 21, Calliona 21, New York 1; Ohio 3; Tennessee 2; Illinois 11; Arkansas 4; Florida 2; Iowa 2; Wisconsin 2; Callifornia 1. Total 34.

For Mr. Marcy—Massachusetts 1; New York 24; North Carolina 10; Georgia 10; Alabama 9; Mississippi 7; Tennessee 1. Total 70.

For Gen. Butler—Ohio 1.

For Gen. Houston—Ohio 1; Texas 4. Total 5.

For Gen. Pierce—Maine 8; New Hampshire 5; Massachusetts 1; New York 1; Ohio 3; Tennessee 2; Illinois 11; Arkansas 4; Florida 2; Iowa 2; Wisconsin 2; Callifornia 1. Total 34.

For Mr. Buchanan—Fennsylvania 21, Calliona 1; New York 1; Ohio 3; Tennessee 2; Illinois 11; Arkansas 4; Florida 2; Iowa 2; Wisconsin 2; Callifornia 1. Total 34.

For Mr. Buchanan—Fennsylvania 21, Calliona 1; New York 1; Ohio 3; Tennessee 2; Illinois 11; Arkansas 4; Florida 2; Iowa 2; Wisconsin 2; Callifornia 1. Total 34.

For Mr. Buchanan—Fennsylvania 21, Calliona 1; New York 1; Ohio 3; Tennessee 2; Illinois 11; Arkansas 4; Florida 2; Iowa 2; Wisconsin 2; Callifornia 1. Total 34.

For Mr. Buchanan—Fennsylvania 21, Calliona 1; New York 1; Ohio 3; Tennessee 2; Illinois 11; Arkansas 4; Florida 2; Iowa 2; Wisconsin 2; Callifornia 1. Total 34.

For Mr. Buchanan—Fennsylvania 21, Calliona 1; New York 1; Ohio 3; Tennessee 2; Illinois 11; Arkansas 4; Florida 2; Iowa 2; Wisconsin 2; Calliona 1; Arkansas 4; Florida 2; Iowa 2; Wisconsin 2; Calliona 1; Arkansas 4; Florida 2; Iowa 2; Wisconsin 2; Calliona 1; Arkansas 4; Florida 2; Iowa 2; Wisc This request was responded to by loud cries of "go who would be acceptable to us all? Every one can say

May it be a long time before we shall all come here in favor of one man. We have a great many stars in our galaxy of great men, and we shall always be divided; but et us compromise, as we cannot all unite upon one man.

I tender my sincere thanks to the Convention, my choicest heart offering to the Old Dominion, and my acknowledgments to my Southern friends, from one end of the South to the other, and to every State in the Union, for the Total 28. South to the other, and to every State in the Union, for the good temper that has prevailed here during this Convention. I beg them not to ask me to departfrom the line of my duty, but rather to help me to perform my duty under the circumstances. My spirit is willing, and my flesh is not weak. I will not swerve from my course, and the highest temptations that can be offered to man will not tempt me to do so. [Applause.]

Mr. Leake wished to say one word for Virginia.

Mr. WILSON, of Ohio, I call that man to order. He is reaching in yielstion of the rules of this body. to do so. [Applause.]

peaking in violation of the rules of this body.

Mr. LEAKE desired to say that the very fact that the centleman from New York declined was a strong arguent in his favor. The gentleman did not intrigue for the Presidency, and did not wish to force himself upon them, but they desired to force the honor upon him.

The result of the thirty-fourth vote was then announced

STATES.	Cass.	Buchanan.	Donglas.	Marey.	Butler.	Houston.	Dickinson.
Maine	2						
New Hampshire	5						
Vermont							
Massachusetts				2		- 1	
Rhode Island							
Connecticut	3		3				*****
New York	12		1	22			
New Jersey	7						
Pennsylvania Delaware		27					
Delaware	3						
Manuland		142.554		V252945.14	527.655623	N. LOSSINA	
Virginia							1
North Carolina				9			
Georgia		10					
Alabama		9					
Mississippi			7				
Louisiana	6						
Ohio	18		3		1	1	
Kentucky	12						****
Tennessee							
Indiana	13						****
Illinois							
Missouri	9	*****	******	*****	*****		****
Arkansas							
Michigan							
Florida			2				
Texas							****
Iowa				******			****
Wisconsin	3		2				****
California	2	1	1				****
Total	130	49	53	33	1	6	1

THIRTY-FIFTH VOLE. The Convention then proceeded to the thirty-fifth vote.

When the State of Rhode Island was called-Mr. Sayles, of that State, said that it might well be expected, from what he stated yesterday, that, in chang-Connecticut 6; New York 24; New Jersey 7; North Ca ing her vote to-day, Rhode Island would cast her four votes for her first choice, Gen. Lewis Cass, of Michigan.

When the State of Mississippi was called-

Mr. JACOB THOMPSON, of that State, said that, with an auxious desire to harmonize the country, and with a deep desire to make some nomination for the Presidency, Mississippi came here for the purpose of nominating a candidate for the Chief Magistracy of this Nation. Their whole course had been dictated by one object: it was to obtain the nomination of an acceptable man to bear their standard in triumph through the next election. They had voted for James Buchanan, but their Northern friends had not joined them. They had also voted for Stephen A. Douglas, of the Northwestern portion of the country, and Mississippi now again presented herself to make a peace-offering, and to vote for a distinguished statesman, distinguished as an Executive officer as much as any other living man belonging to the Democratic party. Mississippi gave her seven votes for William L. Marcy, of

New York. [Applause.] The State of Georgia being called-

Mr. Monron, of that State, announced its vote as ten for Stephen A. Douglas.

Mr. Jackson, on behalf of the Union Democracy of Georgia, protested against the vote as not expressing the voice of the people who sent that portion of the delegation here. [Applause,]

Mr. Monros said that he was a Union Democrat of Georgia, and the vote given expressed the opinion of large portion of that State. [Cries of "No, no."]

Mr. Jackson said that the gentleman was on both gations-the Union and the State Rights. The State of Virginia being called, (the delegation from

that State having retired for consultation)-Judge BARBOUR stated that he had been instructed by

his delegation to cast the fifteen votes of Virginia for Franklin Pierce, of New Hampshire. This was the first vote of a State cast for Mr. Pierce

and wi	IS rece	ived w	ith applaus	e.			
The	result	of the	thirty-fifth	vote	was	then	announced,
s foll	ows:						CONTRACT STATE

* STATES.	Cass.	Buchanan.	Douglas.	Marey.	Butler.	Houston.	Pierce.	Dickinson.
Maine	2	1	4		100			18
New Hampshire								
Vermont,		*****						
Massachusetts	7	*****	1					
Rhode Island	4							
Connecticut	2							
New York	12						******	
New Jersey				44		******	*****	*****
Pennsylvania		97	*****	******			*****	*****
Delaware	3	BULL COUNTY						
Maryland			*****		******			*****
Virginia		*****	*****		*****		******	*****
North Carolina			*****	7.0	*****	*****	19	
Georgia		*****	10	10	*****	******	*****	*****
Alabama	188	0	10		*****	******	*****	*****
Misalssippi	Last a						*****	*****
Louisiana								*****
Ohio	18				******			*****
Kentucky							******	*****
Tennessee	1	1			*****	*****	*****	*****
Indiana	13				******	*****	*****	*****
Illinois		00000	11		*****		*****	*****
Missouri			100		******	*****		*****
Arkansas			1		******	*****	*****	*****
Michigan		6		£	711111	*****	*****	*****
Florida						*****	*****	
Texas				2			*****	-
Iowa	1	2		2		1		*****
Wisconsin		8		2		******	******	*****
California		2		2		*****	******	****
Value of man		1		1		*****	******	*****
Total	13	1 3	9 5	2 4	4	1 !	15	

The voting then proceeded, without interruption by debate or explanation, as follows:

For Gen. Cass-Massachusetts 6; Rhode Island 4; Connecticut 3; New York 12; New Jersey 7; Delaware 3 Maryland 8; Louisiana 6; Ohio 18; Kentucky 12; Ten

For Gen. Houston—Ohio 1; Texas 4. Total 5. For Gen. Pierce—Maine 8; New Hampshire 5; Virginia 15 : Tennessee 2. Total 30.

THIRTY-SEVENTH VOTE. For Gen. Cass—Massachusetts 5; Rhode Island 4; Connecticut 3; New York 10; New Jersey 7; Delaware 3; Maryland 8; Louisiana 6; Ohio 18; Kentucky 12; Tennessee 9; Indiana 18; Missouri 9; Michigan 6; Iowa 2; Wisconsin 3; California 2. Total 120.

For Gen. Cass—Massachusetts 1; Rhode Island 4; New York 10; Connecticut 1; Delaware 3; Maryland 8; Lou-isiana 6; Ohio 18; Kentucky 12; Tennessee 9; Indiana 13; Missouri 9; Michigan 6; Iowa 2; Wisconsin 3; California 2. Total 107.

For Mr. Buchanan—Pennsylvania 27; California 1.

THIRTY-NINTH VOTE. For Gen. Cass-Rhode Island 4; New York 10; Delaware 3; Maryland 8; Louisiana 6; Ohio 18; Kentucky 12; Tennessee 9; Indiana 13; Missouri 9; Michigan 6; Iowa 2; Wisconsin 3; California 3. Total 106.

For Mr. Buchanan—Pennsylvania 27; California 1.

Total 28.
For Mr. Douglas—Vermont 5; Massachusetts 1; New York 1; Ohio 3; Tennessee 2; Illinois 11; Arkansas 4; Florida 2; Iowa 2; Wisconsin 2. Total 33. For Mr. Marcy—Massachusetts 11; Connecticut 6; New York 24; New Jersey 7; North Carolina 10; Georgia 10; Alabama 9; Mississippi 7; Tennessee 1. Total 85. For Gen. Butler—Ohio 1.

For Gen. Butter—Onto 1; Texas 4. Total 5.
For Gen. Pierce—Maine 8; New Hampshire 5; Massachusetts 1; Virginia 15. Total 29.
For Mr. Dickinson—Florida 1.

FORTLETH VOTE. For Gen. Cass—Rhode Island 4; New York 10; Delaware 3; Maryland 8; Louisiana 6; Ohio 18; Kentucky 12; Tennessee 9; Indiana 13; Missouri 9; Michigan 6; Iowa 2; Wisconsin 3; California 4. Total 107

For Mr. Buchanan—Pennsylvania 27.

For Mr. Douglas—Vermont 5; Massachusetts 1; New York 1; Ohio 3; Tennessee 2; Illinois 11; Arkansas 4; Florida 2; Iowa 2; Wisconsin 2. Total 33. For Mr. Marcy—Massachusetts 11; Connecticut 6; New York 24; New Jersey 7; North Carolina 10; Geor-gia 10; Alabama 9; Mississippi 7; Tennessee 1. To-tal 85.

tal 85.

For Gen. Butler—Ohio 1.

For Gen. Houston—Ohio 1; Texas 4. Total 5.

For Gen. Pierce—Maine 8; New Hampshire 5; Massickusetts 1; Virginia 15. Total 29.

PORTY-FIRST VOTE. This vote is precisely as the fortieth. FORTY-SECOND VOTE.

For Gen. Cass-Rhode Island 2: New York 10; Del

For Gen. Cass—Rhode Island 2; New York 10; Deliware 3; Maryland 8; Louisiana 6; Ohio 18; Kentuck 12; Tennessee 5; Indiana 13; Missouri 9; Michigan 6 Iowa 2; Wisconsin 3; California 4. Total 101.

For Mr. Buchanan—Pennsylvania 27.

For Mr. Douglas—Vermont 5; Massachusetts 1; New York 1; Ohio 3; Tennessee 2; Illinois 11; Arkansas Florida 2; Iowa 2; Wisconsin 2. Total 33.

lina 10 ; Georgia 10 ; Alabama 9 ; Mississippi 7 ; Tenn see 5. Total 91. For Gen. Butler-Ohio 1.

For Gen. Houston—Ohio 1; Texas 4. Total 5. For Gen. Pierce—Maine 8; New Hampshire 5; Mass chusetts 1; Virginia 15. Total 29. For Mr. Dickinson-Florida 1. FORTY-THIRD VOTE.

This vote is the same as the forty-second. FORTY-FOURTH VOTE. This vote is the same as the two last.

FORTY-FIFTH VOTE. For Mr. Marcy.—Massachusetts 11; Rhode Island 2; Connecticut 6; New York 24; New Jersey 7; North Carolina 10; Georgia 10; Alabama 9; Mississippi 7; Ten-

For Gen. Cass.—Rhode Island 2: New York 10; Delaware 3; Maryland 8; Louisiana 6; Ohio 18; Kentucky 12; Indiana 13; Missouri 9; Michigan 6; Iowa 2; Wismsin 3; California 4—96. For Mr. Douglas.—Vermont 5; Massachusetts 1; New

York 1; Ohio 3; Tennessee 1; Illinois 11; Arkansas 4; Florida 2; Iowa 2; Wisconsin 2—32.

For Gen. Pierce.—Maine 8; New Hampshire 5; Massachusetts 1; Virginia 15—29.

For Mr. Buchanan.—Pennsylvania 27. For Gen. Houston.-Ohio 1; Texas 4-5.

For Gen. Butler-Ohio 1. For Mr. Dickinson.-Florida 1.

A motion was here made to adjourn, which was voted

FORTY-SIXTH VOTE.

For Mr. Marcy.—Massachusetts 11; Rhode Island 2; Connecticut 6; New York 25; New Jersey 7; Delaware 1; North Carolina 10; Georgia 10; Alabama 9; Missis-sippi 7; Tennessee 10—98. For Gen. Cass.—Rhode Island 2; New York 9; Dela-

ware 3; Maryland 3; Louisiana 6; Ohio 18; Indiana 13; Missouri 9; Michigan 6; Iowa 2; Wisconsin 3; California 4—78.

For. Gen. Pierce.—Maine 8; New Hampshire 5; Massachusetts 1; Maryland 3; Virginia 15; Kentucky

For Mr. Douglas.-Vermont 5; Massachusetts 1; New York 1; Ohio 3; Tennessee 1; Illinois 11; Arkansas 4; Florida 2; Iowa 2; Wisconsin 2—32.

For Mr. Buchanan,-Pennsylvania 27; Maryland For Gen. Houston .- Ohio 1; Texas 4-5.

For Gen. Butler.—Ohio 1. For Mr. Dickinson.—Florida 1. For Mr. King.—Tennessee 1.

FORTY-SEVENTH VOTE. Whilst this vote was being taken-

Mr. MERRIWETHER, on the part of the Kentucky delegation, asked and obtained leave for the delegation to retire; and after being absent a few moments the delegation returned and gave the vote of Kentucky for Gen. Pierce. The vote was then announced as follows :

Pierce. The vote was then announced as follows:

For Mr. Marcy—Massachusetts 8; Rhode Island 2;
Connecticut 6; New York 24; New Jersey 7; Maryland
1; North Carolina 10; Georgia 10; Alabama 9; Mississippi 7; Tennessee 11—95.

For Gen. Cass—Rhode Island 2; New York 10; Delaware 3; Maryland 1; Louisiana 6; Ohio 16; Indiana 13;
Missouri 9; Michigan 6; Iowa 2; Wisconsin 3; Califor-

nia 4—75.

For Gen. Pierce—Maine 8; New Hampshire 5; Massachusetts 4; Maryland 5; Virginia 15; Kentucky 12—49.

For Mr. Douglas—Vermont 5; Massachusetts 1; New York 1; Ohio 4; Tennessee 1; Illinois 11; Arkansas 4; Florida 2; Iowa 2; Wisconsin 2—33.

For Mr. Buchanan—Pennsylvania 27; Maryland 1—28.

For Gen. Houston—Ohio 1; Texas 4—5.

For Mr. Boyd—Ohio 1.

For Gen. Butler—Ohio 1.

For Mr. Dickinson—Florida 1.

Mr. Wilson, of Ohio, moved an adjournment till four o'clock in the evening, saying that he did so because it was evident that the delegations wished to consult together. New York claimed a vote by States on the adjournment. The question was then taken by States on the adjournment; but before the roll was concluded, the affirmative

For Mr. Buchanan—Pennsylvania 27; Maryland 1—28.
For Gen. Houston—Ohio 1; Tennessee 1; Texas 4—6.
For Mr. Boyd—Ohio 2.
For Gen. Butler—Ohio 1.
For Mr. Dickinson—Florida 1.

the desired of Membelsonic 1, North (1964); Tomasses 1, Times 1, Tomasses 1, Times 1, Tomasses 1, Times 1, Tomasses 1, Times 1, T

Gen. Franklin Pierce, of New Hampshire.

The excitement by this time had become intense. A the votes of delegations were recorded for Gen. Pierce, cheer after cheer rent the air, and rounds of applause were continually given. The vote up to this time stood as follows:

STATES.	Cass.	Buchanan	Douglas.	Marey.	Butler.	Houston.	Pierce.
Maine		0.00	1400				78
New Hampshire							25
Vermont							
Massachusetts				5		1	
Rhode Island							63
Connecticut							
New York							
New Jersey Pennsylvania	******			7	*****		
Delaware							
Maryland	1	1		1			
Virginia							1
North Carolina							
Georgia							
Alabama							
Mississippi				*****			
Louisiana							
Ohio							
Kentucky							
Tennessee							
Indiana	1.3					*****	
	51	28	4	46	1	2	10

The States of Indiana and Illinois both requested permission to withdraw for consultation; and permission be ing granted, they retired from the hall.

A Delegate from New York said that, with a spirit o kindness towards their Southern friends, the delegates from New York begged leave to withdraw for the purpose of consultation.

Mr. GROVER understood, on consultation with his colleagues, that it was not necessary for New York to retire. He understood, from a very brief consultation with the different interests of New York represented in this Convention, that it was their opinion that they could give the electoral vote of that State for Franklin Pierce. He therefore cast the thirty-five votes of New York for General Pierce, of New Hampshire. [Cheer after cheer was given, and prolonged applause succeeded.] The roll having been called through-

A Delegate from Alabama said that, feeling their interests identical with those of their sister States with whom they had been voting in unison, for the peace and harmony of the party, they would withdraw their vote for Mr. Buchanan and give it for New Hampshire's gallant son, Gen. Franklin Pierce. [Cheers and applause.]

The excitement at this time was so great that it was almost impossible to hear what was said or see what was going on, the members being all on their feet, most of them standing on the benches. Maryland, Vermont, and other States in succession changed their votes to Gen. Pierce amidst tremendous cheering and prolonged

State for Gen. Pierce. He said that Indiana yielded Gen. Cass, shedding drops of blood, for they owed him more than any other man in the Democratic party. When the black flag of fanaticism and abolitionism was unfuried in the North, and bid fair to sweep over the Northern States rights of the South, Gen. Cass came to the aid of those who were true to the Constitution. [Cheers and applause.] Battling this flood of fanaticism, under his auspices, the Demogratic party stood here to-day united, and as firm as the flag which waved over them. But he desired to change the thirteen votes of Indiana to Gen. Franklin Pierce, of New Hampshire, whose name was recorded in living letters, who had distinguished himself in the councils of the nation and on those same battle-fields on which Indiana's favorite son, Gen. Lane, signalised himself. [Applause

Mr. SEYMOUR and Mr. DICKINSON, of New York, then addressed some remarks to the Convention in favor of Gen. Pierce, both pledging the electoral vote of their State

Col. BLACK, of Pennsylvania, also addressed the Conention in favor of Gen. Pierce; after which-Gov. PORTER said that he was authorized to cast the twenty-seven votes of the old Keystone State for that gen-

tleman, by the direction of a majority of the delegation. By this time the excitement was now so intense and the applause and cheers so frequent, that at times it was utterly impossible to see who was addressing the Convention or hear what they were saying.

Mr. Wilson, of Ohio, congratulated the members of the Convention on the symptoms of harmony exhibited here, and in a spirit of harmony and unanimity Ohio would respond to the call. Ohio changed her vote so as to give eventeen votes for Gen. Pierce, two for Gen. Cass, two for Douglas, one for Houston, and one for Butler. gave up the question, and the adjournment was negatived.

The Convention then proceeded to take the forty-eighth vote, which resulted as follows:

For Mr. Marcy—Massachusetts 6; Connecticut 6; New York 24; New Jersey 7; Maryland 1; North Carolina 10; Georgia 10; Alabama 9; Mississippi 7; Tennessee 9—80, For Gen. Cass—New York 10; Delaware 5; Maryland 1; Louisians 6; Ohio 45; In Indiana 13; Missoure 9; Michigan 6; Iowe 2; Wisconsin 2, 25.

For Gen. Pierce—Maine 8; New Hampshire 5; Massachusetts 6; Rhode Island 4; Maryland 5; Virginia 15; Kentucky 12—56.

For Mr. Douglas—Vermont 5; Massachusetts 1; New York 1; Ohio 4; Tennessee 1; Illinois 11; Arkansas 4; Florida 2; Iowa 2; Wisconsin 2—33.

Mr. Richardson said that the State of Illinois had presented one of her own sons, and cast her vote for him, in accordance with the wish of the entire Democracy of the time had come with the wish of the entire Democracy of the State. They now rejoiced that the time had come when all their bickerings could cease, and they united with the great Democratic party in casting their vote for found they united with the great Democratic party in casting their vote for him, in accordance with the wish of the entire Democracy of the State. They now rejoiced that the time had come when and come when all their bickerings could cease, and they united with the great Democratic party in casting their vote for found they united with the great Democratic party in casting their vote for found they united with the great Democratic party in casting their vote for found they united with the great Democratic party in casting their vote for found they united with the great Democratic party in casting their vote for found they united with the great Democratic party in casting their vote for found they united with the great Democratic party in casting their vote for found they united with the great Democratic party in casting their vote for him the came time had come upon their follows:

1. That the Federal Government, and that it is intentious, renew and faith of a free representative geverament, and ple, th

Tremendous and prolonged cheering succeeded the ancouncement of the vote, and at a few minutes past two o'clock the Convention adjourned to meet at four o'clock

in the afternoon. As the members were dispersing from the hall, the New York delegation commenced firing a salute of one hundred and one guns in honor of the nomination, which called forth renewed cheers.

the vote of Maine for WILLIAM R. KING, of Alabama. [Applause.]

"From Democrats of Washington: Nine cheers for

Nine hearty cheers were given by the Convention, the galleries joining in.

A despatch dated at half-past three o'clock was also re-ceived from Steubenville, Ohio, stating that they were firing a salute of one hundred guns in honor of the nomi-nee of the Democratic Convention, which was received

During the progress of the ballot, the voting was ar-rested by loud cries of "fight! fight!" and a rush was nade toward that part of the hall where the Mississippi delegation were seated. The persons in the galleries eaned over to witness the affray, and great confusion existed for a long time, rendering it impossible to proceed with business. The combatants were Messrs. WILCOX and Simms, both of Mississippi.

Order having at length been restered, the result of the first ballot was announced to be as follows:

William R. King, of Alabama, 125; William O. Butler, 21; Robert Strange, 23; S. U. Downs, 30; John B. Weller, 27; G. J. Pillow, 25; David R. Atchison, 25; Howell Cobb, 2; Gen. Rusk, 18; Jefferson Davis, 2. Gen. Butler, of Kentucky; Gen. Rusk, of Texas; and

For Mr. King, of Alabama, 277 votes; for Jefferson Davis, of Mississippi, 11 votes; all the States having voted for Mr. King, with the exception of Illinois.

Hon. WILLIAM R. KING, of Alabams, having received

wo-thirds of all the votes cast-The PRESIDENT declared him to be the nominee of the Democratic party for Vice President.

The announcement was received with terrific cheers. On motion, the nomination of Mr. King, was unaniously concurred in. A motion was then made that the nomination of Gen. Pierce be unanimously concurred in, which was agreed to

with but a few dissenting voices. THE PLATFORM ADOPTED.

otion of Gen. ROMULUS M. SAUNDERS, of North Carolina, the Convention then proceeded to consider the report of the Committee on Resolutions, which was read as follows:

as follows:

\*\*Resolved\*\*. That the American Democracy place their trust in the intelligence, the patriotism, and the discriminating justice of the American people.

\*\*Resolved\*\*. That we regard this as a distinctive feature of our political creed, which we are proud to maintain before the world as the great moral element in a form of government, springing from and upheld by the popular will; and we contrast it with the creed and practice of Federalism, under whatever name or form, which seeks to palsy the will of the constituent, and which conceives no imposture too monstrous for the popular credulity.

\*\*Resolved\*\*, therefore\*\*. That, entertaining these views, the Democratic party of this Union, through their delegates assembled in a general convention of the States, coming together in a spirit of concord, of devotion to the doc-

deviser in such matters as are governed by the civil

The County or Country Backs in one of the and ansectional inc. He has no first citry, but

tution.

Resolved, That we are decidedly opposed to taking from the President the qualified veto power, by which he is enabled, under restrictions and responsibilities, amply sufficient to guard the public interest, to suspend the passage of a bill whose merits cannot secure the approval of two-thirds of the Senate and House of Representatives until the judgment of the people can be obtained thereon, and which has saved the American people from the corrupt and tyrannical domination of the Bank of the United States and from a corrupting system of general internal improvements.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Convention was called to order at a quarter past four o'clock.

Gov. Brown, of Tennessee, from the Committee on Resolutions, asked leave to submit a report.

Objection was made by several members until a candidate for Vice Presidency of the United States, and the State of Maine being called—

A delegate from that State said that the North was willing that their Southern friends should have the choice of a candidate for Vice President, and he therefore cast the vote of Maine for William R. King, of Alabama.

States and from a corrupting system of general internal improvements.

Resolved, That the Democratic party will faithfully abide by and uphold the principles laid down in the Kentucky and Virginia resolutions of 1798, and in the report of Mr. Madison to the Virginia Legislature in 1799; that it adopts those principles se constituting one of the main foundations of its political creed, and is resolved to carry them out in their obvious meaning and import.

Resolved, That the Democratic party will faithfully abide by and uphold the principles is constituting one of the main foundations of its political creed, and is resolved to carry them out in their obvious meaning and import.

Resolved, That the war with Mexico, upon all the principles of patriotism and the laws of nations, was a just and necessary war on our part, in which every American citizen should have shown himself on the side of his country, and neither morally nor physically, by word or deed, have given aid and comfort to the enemy.

Resolved, That the Democratic party will faithfully abide by and uphold the principles se constituting one of the main foundations of its political creed, and is resolved to carry them out in their obvious meaning and import.

Resolved, That the war with Mexico, upon all the principles of patriotism and the laws of nations, was a just and necessary war on our part, in which every American citizen should have shown himself on the side of his country, and necessary war on our part, in which every

future." Resolved, That, in view of the condition of popular in [Applause.]
During a pause in taking the ballot, the following telegraphic despatches were read to the Convention, amid great applause:

From Hon. Stephen A. Douglas.—"I congratulate the Democratic party upon the nomination, and Illinois will give Franklin Pierce a larger majority than any other State in the Union."

From Gen. Cass.—"A good nomination, that of Pierce; I shall support it heartily."

From Gen. Houston.—"An excellent nomination; it will unite the whole Democracy."

The following despatch was also received and read:

"From Democrats of Washington: Nine cheers for the reading of the resolution in reference to the com-

The reading of the resolution in reference to the com promise measures was received with tremendous applause. and its reading being called for again, it was read the

second time, amidst repeated cheers.

The resolutions having been read through-Mr. Wilden, of Louisiana, moved their adoption, and on this motion demanded the previous question. A Delegate asked a separate vote on each resolution.

Gen. SAUNDERS, of North Carolina, said that that could not be done; the question must be taken upon the resolutions as a whole.

The previous question was seconded, and the main ques tion ordered with but a few votes in the negative.

The PRESIDENT then ruled the motion to take a separate vote on each resolution out of order. The question was then taken on the resolutions, and they were agreed to with but three or four dissenting

Cheer after cheer followed, given with a most hearty good will: when-

A committee of five were appeinted to inform the gentlemen who had received the nomination for President and Vice President of said nomination : ERASTUS CORNING, of Col. Jefferson Davis, of Mississippi, were then withdrawn New York; J. G. BARDOUR, of Virginis; JACOB THOMPSON. Col. Jefferson Davis, of Mississippi, were then withdrawn from nomination, and a second ballot was taken, with the Soule, of Louisians, constituting the committee. A great deal of confusion now ensued. Order was no

> seat. Indeed, it seemed as if the Convention was without organization. The temporary presiding officer (Mr. IRWIN, of Alabama) in vain endeavored to bring the Convention Resolutions were then reported from a committee, to whom the subject had been referred, requesting the several States to send no more delegates to future National Conventions than twice the number of votes to which they

> longer continued, as scarcely any gentleman retained his

the holding of the next National Convention at Cincin These resolutions elicited some debate, the purport of which, on account of the confusion, could not be under-

were entitled in the Electoral College, and providing for

A motion to lay the resolutions on the table was negatived by a vote of States-yeas 186, nays 152.

at half-past six o'clock, adjourned sine die. Royal Blookeleast, and chilled Court Present Nega High Court of Admirally, and more especially